

**ECE 730**  
**Final Exam**  
**13 May 2011**  
**5:05 pm – 7:05 pm in 2534 EH**

**100 Points**

**Justify your answers!**

**Be precise!**

**Closed Book**

**Closed Notes**

**You may bring two sheets of 8.5 in. × 11 in. paper  
on which you have prepared formulas.**

1. Let  $Y_t$  be the response of an LTI system to a zero-mean wide-sense stationary (WSS) process  $X_t$ . If the input  $X_t$  has correlation function

$$R_X(\tau) = 2 \left[ \frac{\sin(2\pi\tau)}{2\pi\tau} \right]^2,$$

and the LTI system has transfer function

$$H(f) := \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-|f|/2}}, & |f| \leq 1, \\ 0, & |f| > 1, \end{cases}$$

find the correlation function of  $Y_t$ .

2. Suppose  $X_n$  and  $X$  are random variables with zero means, unit variances, and correlation  $E[X_n X] = 1 - 1/(2n^2)$ .
- Show that  $X_n$  converges in mean of order 2 to  $X$ .
  - Show that  $X_n$  converges almost surely to  $X$ .
3. Let  $X_t$  and  $Y_t$  be zero-mean, jointly wide-sense stationary (J-WSS) random processes with given cross-correlation function  $R_{XY}(\tau)$  and given autocorrelation functions  $R_X(\tau)$  and  $R_Y(\tau)$ . Let  $Z_t := \text{sgn}(Y_t)$ , where  $\text{sgn}$  denotes the sign function defined by

$$\text{sgn}(y) := \begin{cases} 1, & y > 0, \\ 0, & y = 0, \\ -1, & y < 0. \end{cases}$$

Assuming  $X_t$  and  $Y_t$  are jointly Gaussian processes, find the cross-correlation  $E[X_{t_1} Z_{t_2}]$ . **Evaluate all integrals.**

4. Let  $X_n \sim \text{geometric}_0(p_n)$ ,  $0 \leq p_n < 1$ , and suppose that  $X_n$  converges in mean of order 2 to some  $X \in L^2$ . Find the distribution of  $X$  assuming  $\text{var}(X) > 0$ . **Justify your answer.**
5. Let  $\{N_t, t \geq 0\}$  be a Poisson process with intensity  $\lambda = 1$ . Define a new process  $M_t := N_{v(t)}$ , where  $v: [0, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$  is an invertible function that is strictly increasing, differentiable, and satisfies  $v(0) = 0$ . The occurrence times of  $M_t$  are

$$S_n := \min\{t : M_t \geq n\}.$$

Find the density of  $S_n$ .